

MECHANIKA BUDOWLI / SEM.4
ĆWICZENIE NR 2

DYNAMIKA - UJĘCIE KLASYCZNE

Termin oddania: 13.06.2024

Data	Uwagi sprawdzającego	Podpis

~ opracowanie: mgr inż. Anita Kaczor ~ <https://anita.kaczor.pracownik.put.poznan.pl> ~

Dla zadanej **BELKI** oraz **RAMY**:

1. Obliczyć częstotliwości drgań własnych i sprawdzić, czy układ jest w strefie rezonansowej. Narysować postacie drgań własnych i sprawdzić ich ortogonalność.
2. Obliczyć amplitudy drgań punktów zaczepienia mas, siły bezwładności oraz obwiednię momentów zginających wywołaneadaną siłą dynamiczną.
3. Sprawdzić maksymalne naprężenia normalne, uwzględniając dwa schematy obciążenia: a) obciążenie dynamiczne oraz b) obciążenie statyczne (ciężar mas skupionych).

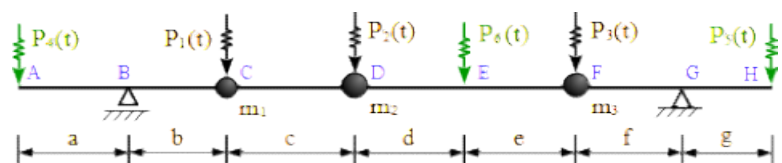
W obliczeniach przyjmując: $E = 210 \text{ GPa}$, $f_y = 235 \text{ MPa}$.

DANE DLA BELKI Nr schematu: **2**

m_1	m_2	m_3	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	przekrój
[kg]	[kg]	[kg]	[m]	[m]	[m]	[m]	[m]	[m]	[m]	[m]	
400	450	600	2,5	3,2	3,2	2,5	1,7	3	2,1	0	I 100 PE

Na belkę działa siła nr 2, zmienna w czasie zgodnie z zależnością: $P_2(t) = P \sin(pt)$

- amplituda siły P [kN]: **3,5**
- częstotliwość siły p [Hz]: **23,7**

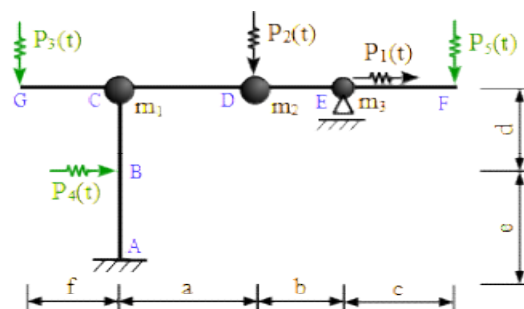


DANE DLA RAMY Nr schematu: **4**

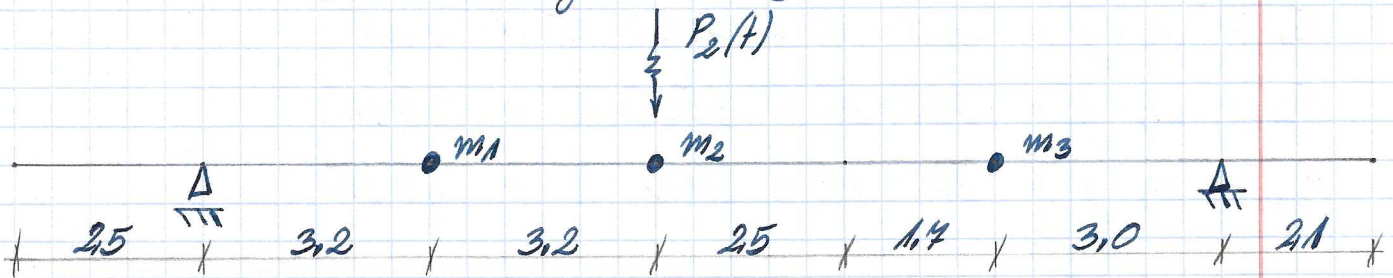
m_1	m_2	m_3	a	b	c	d	e	f	przekrój
[kg]	[kg]	[kg]	[m]	[m]	[m]	[m]	[m]	[m]	
400	350	950	1,8	2,3	2,5	3	2,4	3	I 100 PE

Na ramę działa siła nr 2, zmienna w czasie zgodnie z zależnością: $P_2(t) = P \cos(pt)$

- amplituda siły P [kN]: **3,4**
- częstotliwość siły p [Hz]: **24,5**



Dynamika - ujęcie klasyczne - Belka



$$SSD = 3$$

Ogania własne:

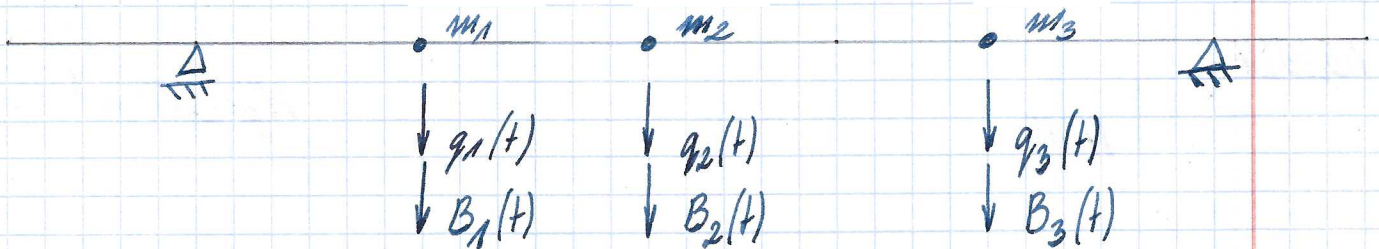
$$q_i(t) = a_i \sin \omega t$$

$$P_i(t) = -m_i \ddot{q}_i(t)$$

$$\ddot{q}_i(t) = -a_i \omega^2 \sin \omega t$$

$$B_i(t) = -m_i \ddot{q}_i(t)$$

$$B_i(t) = m_i a_i \omega^2 \sin \omega t$$



$$\begin{cases} q_1(t) = \delta_{11} B_1(t) + \delta_{12} B_2(t) + \delta_{13} B_3(t) \\ q_2(t) = \delta_{21} B_1(t) + \delta_{22} B_2(t) + \delta_{23} B_3(t) \\ q_3(t) = \delta_{31} B_1(t) + \delta_{32} B_2(t) + \delta_{33} B_3(t) \end{cases}$$

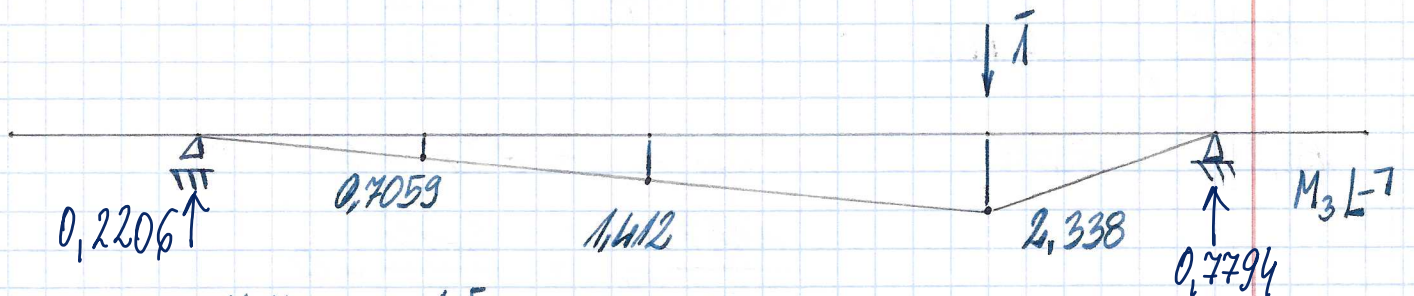
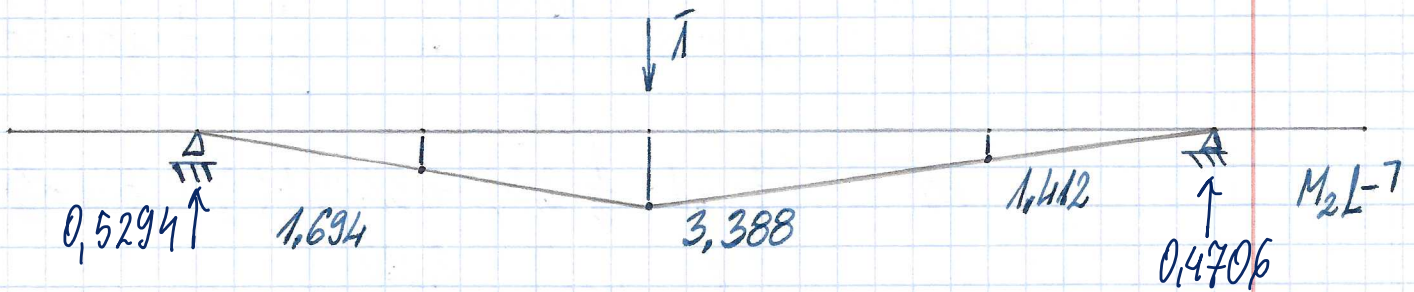
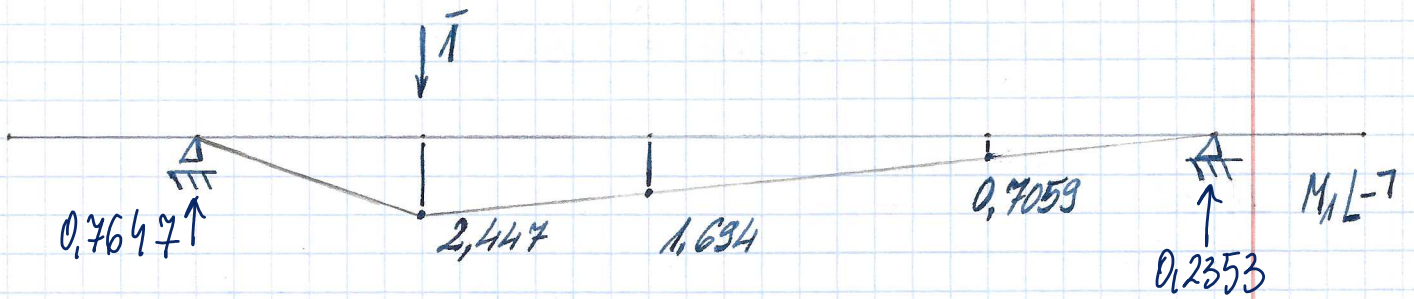
$$m_1 = 400 \text{ kg} = 8 m_0$$

$$m_0 = 50 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 450 \text{ kg} = 9 m_0$$

$$m_3 = 600 \text{ kg} = 12 m_0$$

$$\begin{cases} q_1(t) = \delta_{11} 8 m_0 a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{12} 9 m_0 a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{13} 12 m_0 a_3 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \\ q_2(t) = \delta_{21} 8 m_0 a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{22} 9 m_0 a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{23} 12 m_0 a_3 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \\ q_3(t) = \delta_{31} 8 m_0 a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{32} 9 m_0 a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{33} 12 m_0 a_3 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \end{cases}$$



$$\delta_{11} = \sum \int \frac{M_1 M_1}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,2 \cdot 2,447 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,447 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10,4 \cdot 2,447 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,447 \right] = \frac{27,15}{EY}$$

$$\delta_{12} = \delta_{21} = \sum \int \frac{M_1 M_2}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,2 \cdot 2,447 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 1,634 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 7,2 \cdot 1,634 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 3,388 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,2 \cdot 2,447 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 1,634 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 3,388 \right) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,2 \cdot 1,634 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 3,388 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1,634 \right) \right] = \frac{34,69}{EY}$$

$$\delta_{13} = \delta_{31} = \sum \int \frac{M_1 M_3}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,2 \cdot 2,447 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 0,7059 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,0 \cdot 0,7059 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,338 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 7,4 \cdot 2,447 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0,7059 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2,338 \right) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 7,4 \cdot 0,7059 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,338 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 0,7059 \right) \right] = \frac{19,50}{EY}$$

$$\delta_{23} = \delta_{32} = \sum \int \frac{M_2 M_3}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot 6,4 \cdot 3,388 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 1,412 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,0 \cdot 1,412 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,338 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4,2 \cdot 3,388 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 1,412 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2,338 \right) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4,2 \cdot 1,412 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,338 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1,412 \right) \right] = \frac{31,77}{EY}$$

$$\delta_{22} = \Sigma \int \frac{M_2 M_2}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot 6,4 \cdot 3,388 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 3,388 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 7,2 \cdot 3,388 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 3,388 \right] = \frac{52,04}{EY}$$

$$\delta_{33} = \Sigma \int \frac{M_3 M_3}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot 10,6 \cdot 2,338 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,338 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,0 \cdot 2,338 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,338 \right] = \frac{24,48}{EY}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_1 \sin \omega t = \frac{27,15}{EY} \cdot 8 m a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \frac{34,69}{EY} \cdot 9 m a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \frac{19,50}{EY} \cdot 12 m a_3 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \\ a_2 \sin \omega t = \frac{34,69}{EY} \cdot 8 m a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \frac{52,04}{EY} \cdot 9 m a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \frac{31,44}{EY} \cdot 12 m a_3 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \\ a_3 \sin \omega t = \frac{19,50}{EY} \cdot 8 m a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \frac{31,44}{EY} \cdot 9 m a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \frac{24,48}{EY} \cdot 12 m a_3 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{m \omega^2}{EY}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 217,2 \lambda a_1 + 312,3 \lambda a_2 + 234 \lambda a_3 \\ a_2 = 274,5 \lambda a_1 + 468,4 \lambda a_2 + 381,2 \lambda a_3 \\ a_3 = 156 \lambda a_1 + 285,9 \lambda a_2 + 297,4 \lambda a_3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 = (1 - 217,2 \lambda) a_1 - 312,3 \lambda a_2 - 234 \lambda a_3 \\ 0 = -274,5 \lambda a_1 + (1 - 468,4 \lambda) a_2 - 381,2 \lambda a_3 \\ 0 = -156 \lambda a_1 - 285,9 \lambda a_2 + (1 - 297,4 \lambda) a_3 \end{cases}$$

$$1 - 982,98 \lambda + 43485 \lambda^2 - 844428 \lambda^3 = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0,001107$$

$$\lambda_2 = 0,01511$$

$$\lambda_3 = 0,07047$$

$$\lambda = \frac{m \omega^2}{EY}$$

$$\frac{\lambda EY}{m} = \omega^2$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda \cdot EY}{m}}$$

Przekrój I 100 PE $I_y = 171 \text{ cm}^4$ $E = 210 \text{ GPa}$

$$EJ = 210 \text{ GPa} \cdot 171 \text{ cm}^4 = 359 \text{ 100 Nm}^2$$

$$\omega_1 = \sqrt{\frac{0,001107 \cdot 359 \text{ 100}}{50}} = 2,82 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \quad \frac{P}{\omega_1} = 52,8$$

$$\omega_2 = \sqrt{\frac{0,015111 \cdot 359 \text{ 100}}{50}} = 10,417 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \quad \frac{P}{\omega_2} = 14,3$$

$$\omega_3 = \sqrt{\frac{0,07047 \cdot 359 \text{ 100}}{50}} = 22,4697 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \quad \frac{P}{\omega_3} = 6,62$$

$$p = 23,7 \text{ Hz} = 23,7 \cdot 2\pi = 148,9 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

Wniosek: Układ znajduje się poza strefą rezonansową

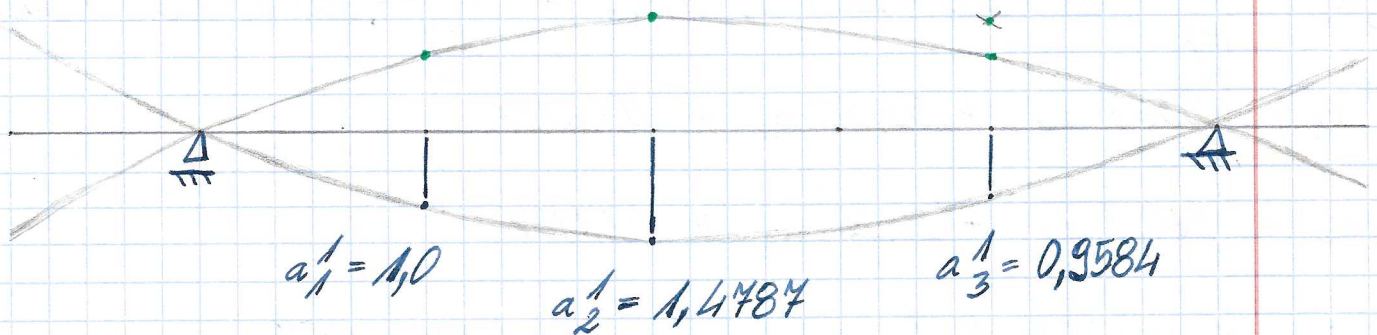
Postacie drgań własnych:

I postać $\lambda_1 = 0,001107$ $a_1^1 = 1,0$

$$\begin{cases} (1 - 217,2 \cdot 0,001107) \cdot 1,0 - 312,3 \cdot 0,001107 \cdot a_2^1 - 234 \cdot 0,001107 \cdot a_3^1 = 0 \\ - 277,5 \cdot 0,001107 \cdot 1,0 + (1 - 468,4 \cdot 0,001107) \cdot a_2^1 - 381,2 \cdot 0,001107 \cdot a_3^1 = 0 \\ - 156 \cdot 0,001107 \cdot 1,0 - 285,3 \cdot 0,001107 \cdot a_2^1 + (1 - 297,4 \cdot 0,001107) \cdot a_3^1 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$a_2^1 = 1,4787$$

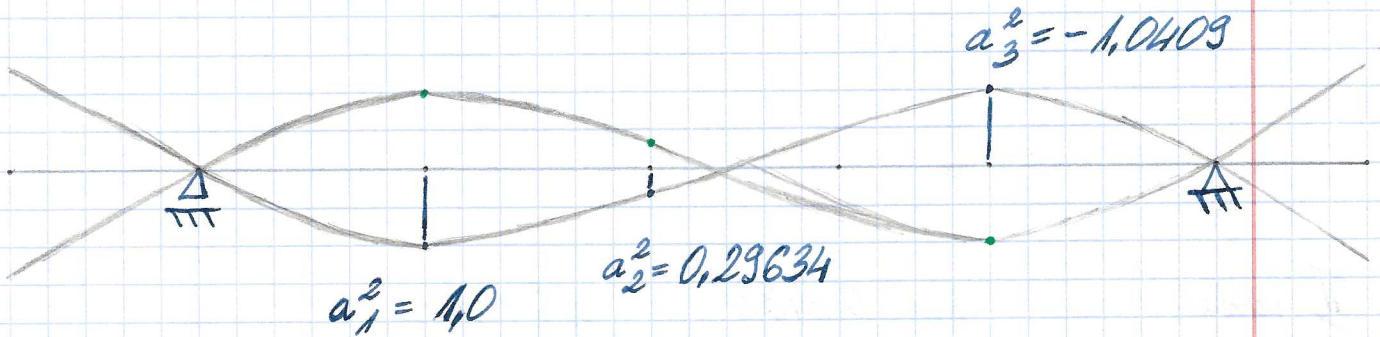
$$a_3^1 = 0,95840$$



II postać $\lambda_2 = 0,01511$ $a_1^2 = 1,0$

$$\begin{cases} (1 - 217,2 \cdot 0,01511) \cdot 1,0 - 312,3 \cdot 0,01511 \cdot a_2^2 - 234 \cdot 0,01511 \cdot a_3^2 = 0 \\ -247,5 \cdot 0,01511 \cdot 1,0 + (1 - 468,4 \cdot 0,01511) \cdot a_2^2 - 381,2 \cdot 0,01511 \cdot a_3^2 = 0 \\ -156,0 \cdot 0,01511 \cdot 1,0 - 285,9 \cdot 0,01511 \cdot a_2^2 + (1 - 297,4 \cdot 0,01511) \cdot a_3^2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

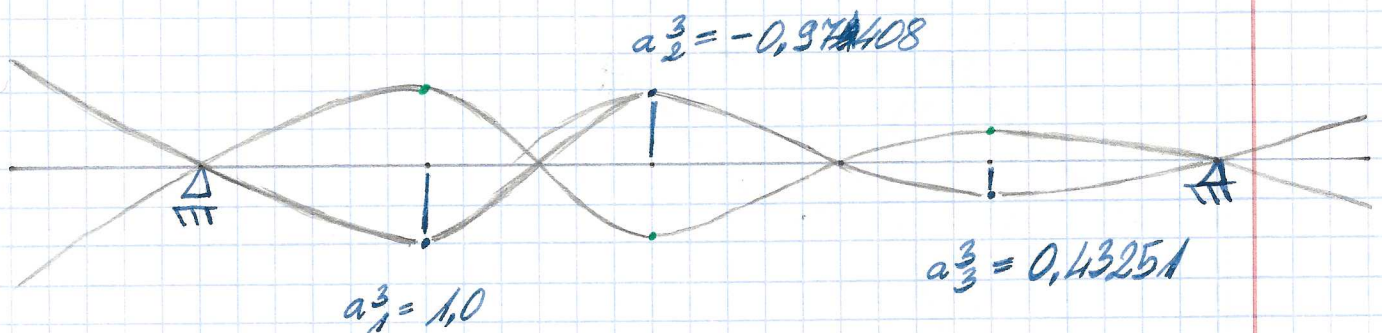
$$a_2^2 = 0,29634 \quad a_3^2 = -1,0409$$



III postać $\lambda_3 = 0,04047$ $a_1^3 = 1,0$

$$\begin{cases} (1 - 217,2 \cdot 0,04047) \cdot 1,0 - 312,3 \cdot 0,04047 \cdot a_2^3 - 234,0 \cdot 0,04047 \cdot a_3^3 = 0 \\ -247,5 \cdot 0,04047 \cdot 1,0 + (1 - 468,4 \cdot 0,04047) \cdot a_2^3 - 381,2 \cdot 0,04047 \cdot a_3^3 = 0 \\ -156 \cdot 0,04047 \cdot 1,0 - 285,9 \cdot 0,04047 \cdot a_2^3 + (1 - 297,4 \cdot 0,04047) \cdot a_3^3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$a_2^3 = -0,94408 \quad a_3^3 = 0,43251$$



Warunek ortogonalności drgań

I i II postać

$$400 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 450 \cdot 1,4787 \cdot 0,29634 + 600 \cdot 0,9584 \cdot (-1,0409) =$$

$$= -1,37$$

$$400 + 197,2 - 598,6 = -1,4$$

$$\text{max składowe sumy} \cdot 598,6$$

$$\frac{1,4}{598,6} \cdot 100\% = 0,23\% \Rightarrow \text{w tym przypadku } 1,4 \approx 0 \Rightarrow \text{ok}$$

II i III postać

$$400 \cdot 1,0 \cdot 1,0 + 450 \cdot 0,29634 \cdot (-0,97408) + 600 \cdot (-1,0409) \cdot 0,43251 =$$

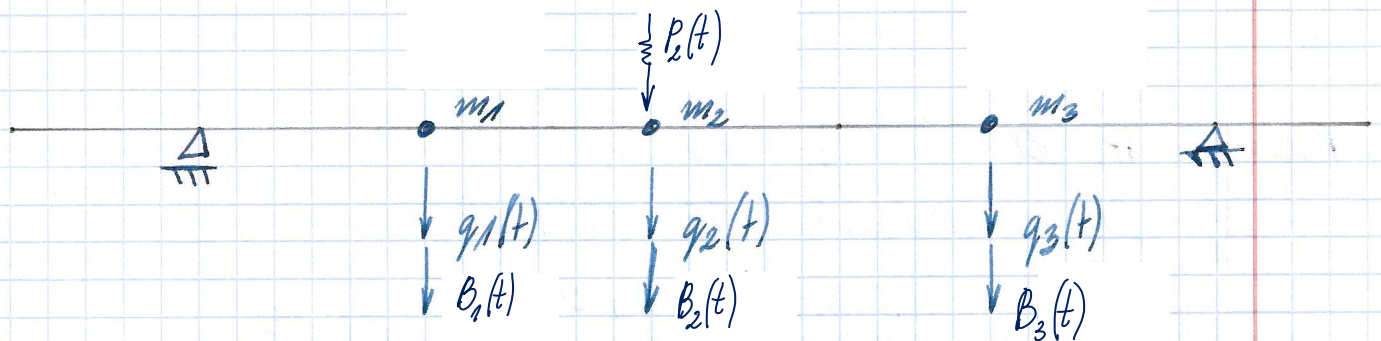
$$= -0,016 \quad \approx 0 \Rightarrow \text{OK}$$

I i III postać

$$400 \cdot 1,0 \cdot 1,0 + 450 \cdot 1,4784 \cdot (-0,97408) + 600 \cdot 0,95840 \cdot 0,43251 =$$

$$= 0,54 \quad \approx 0 \Rightarrow \text{OK}$$

Organia wymuszone



$$\begin{cases} q_1(t) = \delta_{11} B_1(t) + \delta_{12} (B_2(t) + P_2(t)) + \delta_{13} B_3(t) \\ q_2(t) = \delta_{21} B_1(t) + \delta_{22} (B_2(t) + P_2(t)) + \delta_{23} B_3(t) \\ q_3(t) = \delta_{31} B_1(t) + \delta_{32} (B_2(t) + P_2(t)) + \delta_{33} B_3(t) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_1 \sin pt = \delta_{11} m_1 a_1 p^2 \sin pt + \delta_{12} (m_2 a_2 p^2 \sin pt + P \sin pt) + \delta_{13} m_3 a_3 p^2 \sin pt \\ a_2 \sin pt = \delta_{21} m_1 a_1 p^2 \sin pt + \delta_{22} (m_2 a_2 p^2 \sin pt + P \sin pt) + \delta_{23} m_3 a_3 p^2 \sin pt \\ a_3 \sin pt = \delta_{31} m_1 a_1 p^2 \sin pt + \delta_{32} (m_2 a_2 p^2 \sin pt + P \sin pt) + \delta_{33} m_3 a_3 p^2 \sin pt \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = \frac{27,15}{EY} \cdot m_1 a_1 p^2 + \frac{34,69}{EY} \cdot (m_2 a_2 p^2 + P) + \frac{19,50}{EY} \cdot m_3 a_3 p^2 \\ a_2 = \frac{34,69}{EY} \cdot m_1 a_1 p^2 + \frac{52,04}{EY} \cdot (m_2 a_2 p^2 + P) + \frac{31,44}{EY} \cdot m_3 a_3 p^2 \\ a_3 = \frac{19,50}{EY} \cdot m_1 a_1 p^2 + \frac{31,44}{EY} \cdot (m_2 a_2 p^2 + P) + \frac{24,78}{EY} \cdot m_3 a_3 p^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 670,5 a_1 + 964,1 a_2 + 0,3382 + 722,4 a_3 \\ a_2 = 857,0 a_1 + 1446 a_2 + 0,5072 + 1177 a_3 \\ a_3 = 481,6 a_1 + 882,7 a_2 + 0,3096 + 918,3 a_3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 669,5 a_1 + 964,1 a_2 + 722,4 a_3 = -0,3382 \\ 857,0 a_1 + 1446 a_2 + 1177 a_3 = -0,5072 \\ 481,6 a_1 + 882,7 a_2 + 918,3 a_3 = -0,3096 \end{cases}$$

$$a_1 = 3,5690 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

$$a_2 = -3,5460 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$a_3 = 1,8320 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

Dla $\sin pt = 1,0$

$$B_1(t) = m_1 a_1 p^2 \sin pt = 400 \cdot 3,569 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 148,9^2 = 31,66 \text{ N}$$

$$B_2(t) = m_2 a_2 p^2 \sin pt = 450 \cdot (-3,546 \cdot 10^{-4}) \cdot 148,9^2 = -3538 \text{ N}$$

$$B_3(t) = m_3 a_3 p^2 \sin pt = 600 \cdot 1,832 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 148,9^2 = 24,37 \text{ N}$$

$$B_2(t) + P_2(t) = -3538 + 3500 = -38 \text{ N}$$

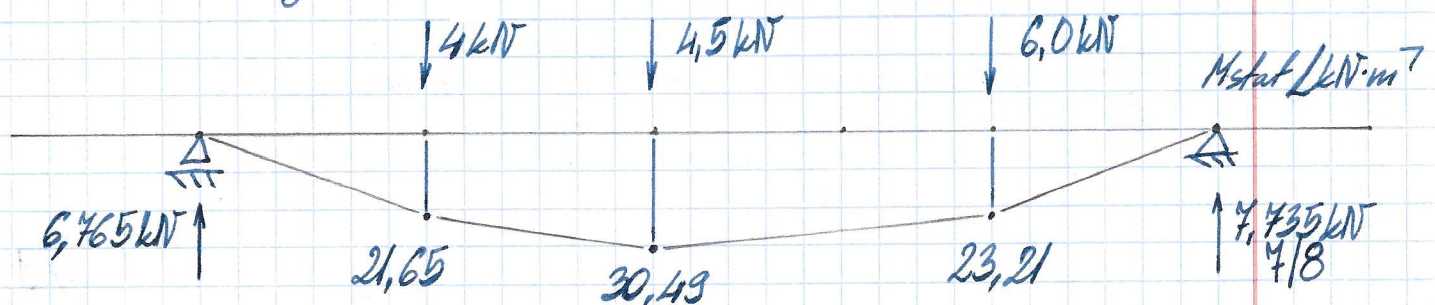
Obciążenie statyczne siłami ciężkości

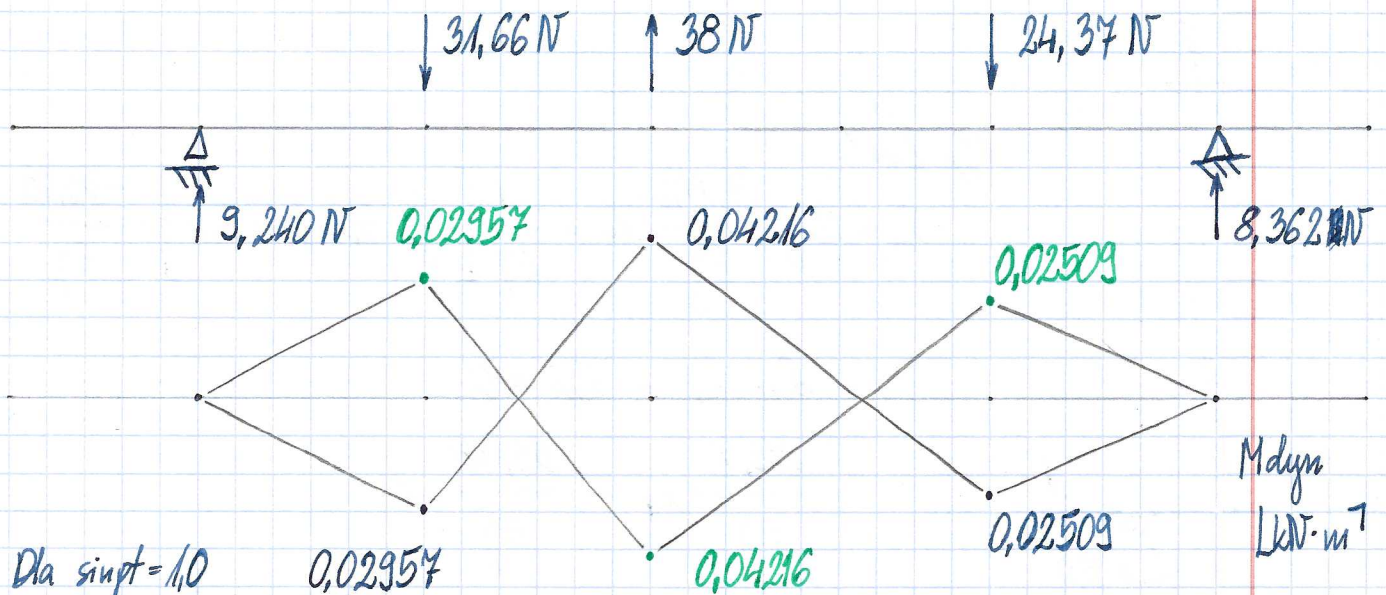
$$F_c = m \cdot g \quad g = 10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$F_{c1} = m_1 \cdot g = 400 \cdot 10 = 4000 \text{ N} = 4,0 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{c2} = m_2 \cdot g = 450 \cdot 10 = 4500 \text{ N} = 4,5 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{c3} = m_3 \cdot g = 600 \cdot 10 = 6000 \text{ N} = 6,0 \text{ kN}$$





Dla $\sin \alpha = 1,0$

Dla $\sin \alpha = -1,0$

Maksymalne momenty

$$M_A = 1,2 \cdot 0,0 + 5,0 \cdot 0,0 = 0,0 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_B = 1,2 \cdot 0,0 + 5,0 \cdot 0,0 = 0,0 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_C = 1,2 \cdot 21,65 + 5,0 \cdot 0,02957 = 26,12 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_D = 1,2 \cdot 30,49 + 5,0 \cdot 0,04216 = 36,80 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_E = 1,2 \cdot 23,21 + 5,0 \cdot 0,02509 = 27,94 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_G = 1,2 \cdot 0,0 + 5,0 \cdot 0,0 = 0,0 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_H = 1,2 \cdot 0,0 + 5,0 \cdot 0,0 = 0,0 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

Maksymalne naprężenia

$$\sigma_x = \frac{M_{\max}}{W_y}$$

Dla IPE 100

$$W_y = 34,20 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\sigma_x = \frac{3680 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{cm}}{34,20 \text{ cm}^3} = 107,6 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{cm}^2} = 1076 \text{ MPa}$$

Wniosek :

Naprężenia maksymalne przekroczone.

Dł elementów		L1	L2	L3	L4	Va	Vb
M1	0,0000	3,2000	2,4471	1,6941	0,7059	0,0000	0,2353
M2	0,0000		1,6941	3,3882	1,4118	0,0000	0,4706
M3	0,0000		0,7059	1,4118	2,3382	0,0000	0,7794
11	27,1460	0,0000	6,3873	8,5983	5,2724	4,8551	1,5347
12	34,6955	0,0000	4,4220	8,8440	7,6534	9,7103	3,0693
13	19,4965	0,0000	1,8425	3,6850	3,1889	6,1212	3,0083
22	52,0433	0,0000	3,0514	6,1227	15,3069	19,4206	6,1387
23	31,7647	0,0000	1,2756	2,5511	6,3779	12,2425	6,0166
33	24,7853	0,0000	0,5315	1,0630	2,6574	5,1010	9,9650

Drgania własne		P1dyn	m1a1w*2cospt	m2a2w*2cospt	m3a3w*2cospt	α = m*w ² /E
m1	400,0000	P1dyn				
m2	450,0000	P2dyn				
m3	600,0000	P3dyn				
m0	50,0000	P4dyn				

I	[cm ⁴]	E	[Gpa]	EI	[N*m ²]	p	[Hz]	[rad/s]
	171,0000		210,0000	359100,0000			23,7000	148,9115
a1	=	217,1683	αa1	312,2598	αa2	233,9576	αa3	
a2	=	277,5642	αa1	468,3896	αa2	381,1765	αa3	
a3	=	155,9718	αa1	285,8824	αa2	297,4235	αa3	

det	=	1,0000	x ⁰	-982,981490	x ¹	73485,90195	x ²	-847728,0405	x ³
α1	=	0,00110790		0,0000					
α2	=	0,01510942		0,0000					
α3	=	0,07046838		0,0000					

Dane - analiza symulacji - szukaj wyniku

Rezonans
TAK
NIE
1,25 < p/w < 0,75
p/w > 1,25 lub p/w < 0,75

lambda*3*	-847728,0405	a
lambda*2*	73485,90195	b
lambda*	-982,981490	c
wyr wolny	1	d
f	-0,001345256	
g	-1,59255E-05	
h	-2,67625E-11	
i	9,01676E-11	
j	9,49566E-06	
k	0,021175895	
l	0,838565334	
m	0,576151842	
n	0,981614894	
o	0,330600362	
p	0,028895235	
lambda1	0,0011079	
lambda2	0,01510942	
lambda3	0,07046838	

I postać		a1	=	1,0000	x	y	W	x	w	Wx
0,0000	=	0,7594	a1	-0,3460	a2	-0,2592	a3	-0,3460	-0,2592	0,2708
0,0000	=	-0,3075	a1	0,4811	a2	-0,4223	a3	0,4811	-0,4223	
0,0000	=	-0,1728	a1	-0,3167	a2	0,6705	a3			
a2	=	1,47865	a3	=	0,95622					

II postać		a1	=	1,0000	x	y	W	x	w	Wx
0,0000	=	-2,2813	a1	-4,7181	a2	-3,5350	a3	-4,7181	-3,5350	5,6907
0,0000	=	-4,1938	a1	-6,0771	a2	-5,7594	a3	-6,0771	-5,7594	
0,0000	=	-2,3566	a1	-4,3195	a2	-3,4939	a3			
a2	=	0,29633	a3	=	-1,0409					

III postać		a1	=	1,0000	x	y	W	x	w	Wx
0,0000	=	-14,3035	a1	-22,0044	a2	-16,4866	a3	-22,0044	-16,4866	63,3773
0,0000	=	-19,5595	a1	-32,0067	a2	-26,8609	a3	-32,0067	-26,8609	
0,0000	=	-10,9911	a1	-20,1457	a2	-19,9590	a3			
a2	=	-0,97408	a3	=	0,43251					

Warunek ortogonalności drgań		I II postać	0,000000
		I III postać	0,000000
		II III postać	0,000000

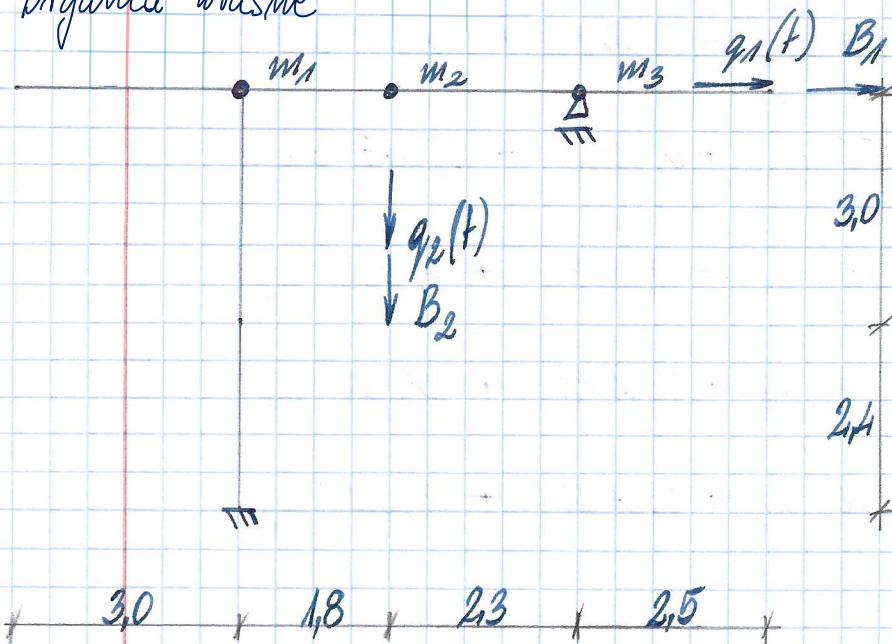
Drgania wymuszone		P1dyn	m1a1w*2cospt	m2a2w*2cospt	m3a3w*2cospt	P(t)			
m1	400,0000	P1dyn							
m2	450,0000	P2dyn							
m3	600,0000	P3dyn							
P(t)	3500,0000	P4dyn							
I	[cm ⁴]	E	[Gpa]	EI	[N*m ²]	p	[Hz]	[rad/s]	
	171,0000		210,0000	359100,0000			23,7000	148,9115	
a1	=	670,5134	a1	964,1110	a2	722,3510	a3	0,3381631	
a2	=	856,9876	a1	1446,1666	a2	1176,8934	a3	0,5072446	
a3	=	481,5673	a1	882,6700	a2	918,3037	a3	0,3095975	
0,0000	=	669,5134	αa1	964,1110	αa2	722,3510	αa3	0,3381631	
0,0000	=	856,9876	αa1	1446,1666	αa2	1176,8934	αa3	0,5072446	
0,0000	=	481,5673	αa1	882,6700	αa2	917,3037	αa3	0,3095975	
a1	=	0,0000035690							
a2	=	-0,0003546021							
a3	=	0,0000018320							
P1dyn	m1a1w*2cospt	31,6562	0,0317	Fc	4,0000	g	=	10,0000	m/s ²
P2dyn	m2a2w*2cospt	P(t)	-38,4274	-0,0384	4,5000				
P3dyn	m3a3w*2cospt	24,3737	0,0244	6,0000					

Dł elementów		L1	L2	L3	L4	Va	Vb
Mdyn	0,0000	3,2000	0,02957	-0,04216	0,02509	0,0000	0,009240
Mstat	0,0000		21,6471	30,4941	23,2059	0,0000	6,7647
wsp dyn	5	0	26,12431516	36,80375056	27,97249156	0	
wsp stat	1,2						

Napięcia maksymalne		Mmax	36,80375056	kN*m	Wy	34,2	cm3
		omax	107,6133057	kN/cm2			
			1076,133057	Mpa			

Dynamika - ujęcie klasyczne - Rama

Drgania własne



$$m_0 = 50 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_1 = 400 \text{ kg} = 8 m_0$$

$$m_2 = 350 \text{ kg} = 7 m_0$$

$$m_3 = 950 \text{ kg} = 19 m_0$$

$$q_i(t) = a_i \sin \omega t$$

$$P_i(t) = -m_i \ddot{q}_i(t)$$

$$\ddot{q}_i(t) = -a_i \omega^2 \sin \omega t$$

$$B_1(t) = -(m_1 + m_2 + m_3) \cdot \ddot{q}_1(t)$$

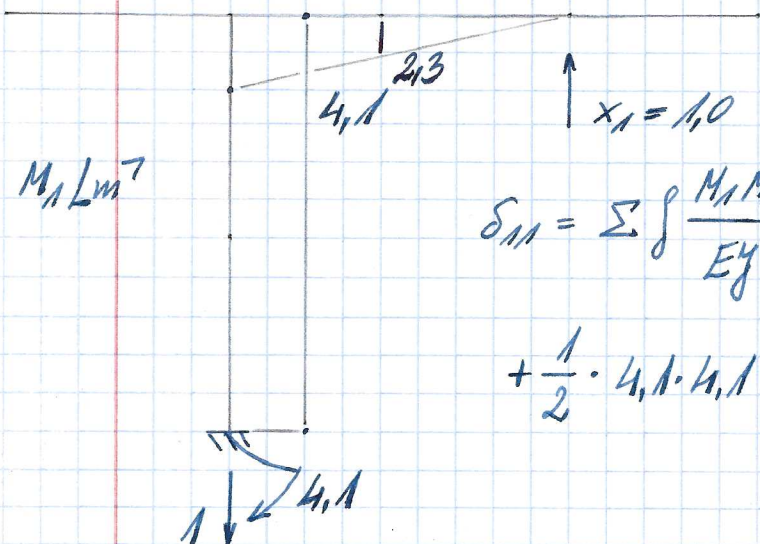
$$B_2(t) = -m_2 \cdot \ddot{q}_2(t)$$

$$\begin{cases} q_1(t) = \delta_{11} B_1 + \delta_{12} B_2 \\ q_2(t) = \delta_{21} B_1 + \delta_{22} B_2 \end{cases}$$

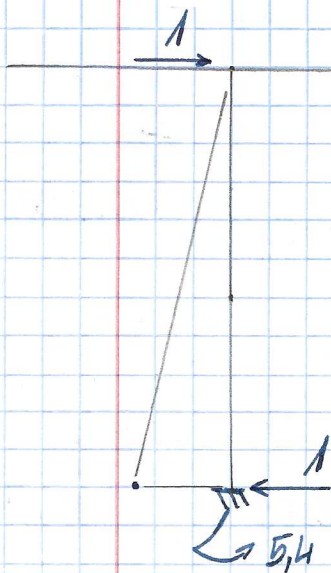
$$\begin{cases} q_1(t) = \delta_{11} \cdot (8 m_0 + 7 m_0 + 19 m_0) a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{12} \cdot 7 m_0 a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \\ q_2(t) = \delta_{21} \cdot (8 m_0 + 7 m_0 + 19 m_0) a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{22} \cdot 7 m_0 a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_1 \sin \omega t = \delta_{11} \cdot 34 m_0 a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{21} \cdot 7 m_0 a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \\ a_2 \sin \omega t = \delta_{21} \cdot 34 m_0 a_1 \omega^2 \sin \omega t + \delta_{22} \cdot 7 m_0 a_2 \omega^2 \sin \omega t \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{m \omega^2}{EY}$$



$$\delta_{11} = \sum \int \frac{M_1 M_1}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[5.4 \cdot 4.1 \cdot 4.1 + \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4.1 \cdot 4.1 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 4.1 \right] = \frac{113.4}{EY}$$



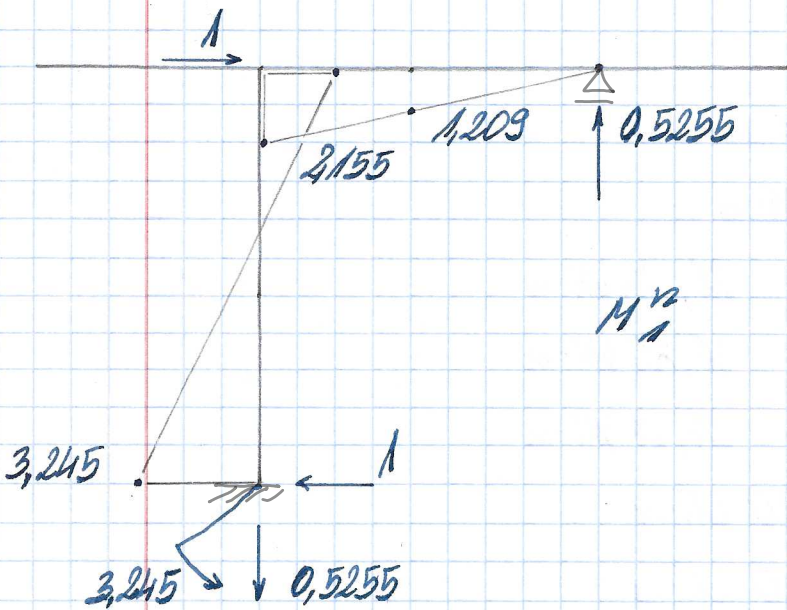
$M_{1P}^0 \text{ Lm}^{-1}$

$$\delta_{1P} = \sum \int \frac{M_1 M_{1P}^0}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[-\frac{1}{2} \cdot 5,4 \cdot 5,4 \cdot 4,1 \right] = \frac{-59,78}{EY}$$

$$\delta_{11} x_1 + \delta_{1P} = 0$$

$$\frac{113,7}{EY} \cdot x_1 - \frac{59,78}{EY} = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{59,78}{EY} \cdot \frac{EY}{113,7} = 0,5255$$



M_1^1

$$\delta_{2P} = \sum \int \frac{M_1 M_{2P}^0}{EY} dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{EY} \left[-5,4 \cdot 1,8 \cdot 4,1 \right]$$

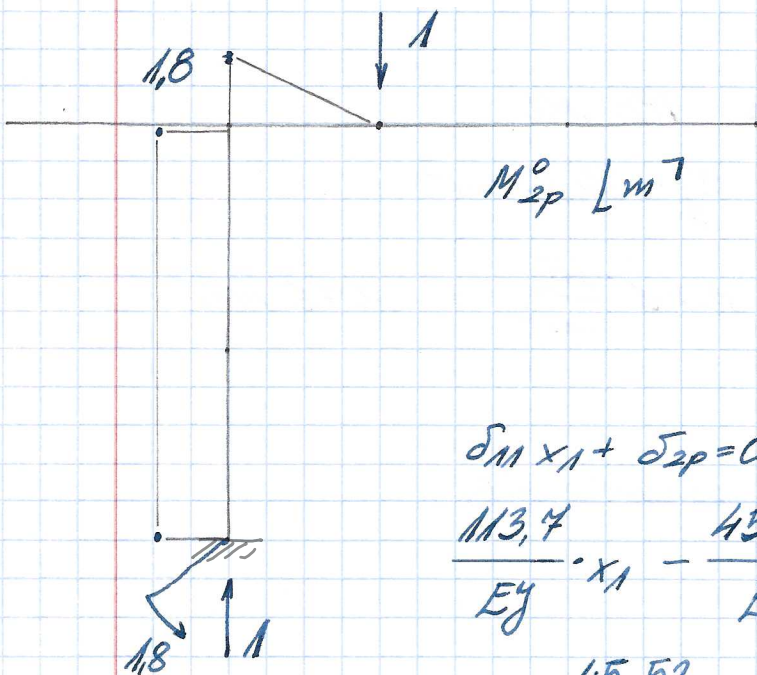
$$- \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,8 \cdot 1,8 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 4,1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2,3 \right)] =$$

$$= \frac{-45,52}{EY}$$

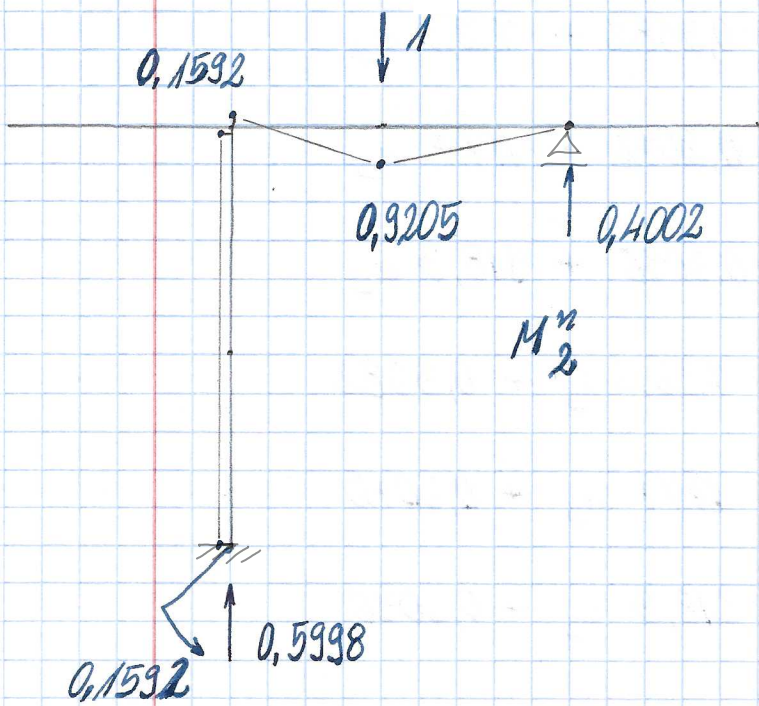
$$\delta_{11} x_1 + \delta_{2P} = 0$$

$$\frac{113,7}{EY} \cdot x_1 - \frac{45,52}{EY} = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{45,52}{EY} \cdot \frac{EY}{113,7} = 0,4002$$



$M_{2P}^0 \text{ Lm}^{-1}$



$$\begin{aligned} \delta_{11}'' &= \sum \int \frac{M_1'' M_1''}{EY} dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{EY} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot 4,1 \cdot 2,155 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,155 \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5,4 \cdot 2,155 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,155 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 3,245 \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5,4 \cdot 3,245 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 3,245 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2,155 \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{21,07}{EY} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_{12}'' = \delta_{21}'' &= \sum \int \frac{M_1'' M_2''}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[5,4 \cdot 0,1592 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,245 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,155 \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,3 \cdot 0,9205 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 1,209 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,8 \cdot 0,9205 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 1,209 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2,155 \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,8 \cdot 0,1592 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,155 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1,209 \right) \right] = \frac{2,321}{EY} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_{22}'' &= \sum \int \frac{M_2'' M_2''}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[5,4 \cdot 0,1592 \cdot 0,1592 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,3 \cdot 0,9205 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 0,9205 \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,8 \cdot 0,9205 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0,9205 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 0,1592 \right) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,8 \cdot 0,1592 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0,1592 - \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 0,9205 \right) \right] = \frac{1,222}{EY} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = \frac{21,07}{EY} \cdot 34 \text{ mo } a_1 \text{ } \omega^2 & + \frac{2,321}{EY} \cdot 7 \text{ mo } a_2 \text{ } \omega^2 \\ a_2 = \frac{2,321}{EY} \cdot 34 \text{ mo } a_1 \text{ } \omega^2 & + \frac{1,222}{EY} \cdot 7 \text{ mo } a_2 \text{ } \omega^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_1 = 716,5 \lambda a_1 + 16,25 \lambda a_2 \\ a_2 = 48,91 \lambda a_1 + 8,554 \lambda a_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 = (1 - 716,5 \lambda) a_1 - 16,25 \lambda a_2 \\ 0 = -48,91 \lambda a_1 + (1 - 8,554 \lambda) a_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\det = 1 - 725,0 \lambda + 4847 \lambda^2$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0,001392$$

$$\lambda_2 = 0,1482$$

Przekrój: IPE 100 $I_y = 171 \text{ cm}^4$

$$E I_y = 210 \text{ GPa} \cdot 171 \text{ cm}^4 = 359 \cdot 100 \text{ Nm}^2$$

$$\omega_1 = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_1 \cdot E I_y}{m_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{0,001392 \cdot 359 \cdot 100}{50}} = 3,162 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\omega_2 = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_2 \cdot E I_y}{m_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{0,1482 \cdot 359 \cdot 100}{50}} = 32,62 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$p = 24,5 \text{ Hz} = 24,5 \cdot 2\pi = 153,9 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\frac{p}{\omega_1} = \frac{153,9}{3,162} = 48,67$$

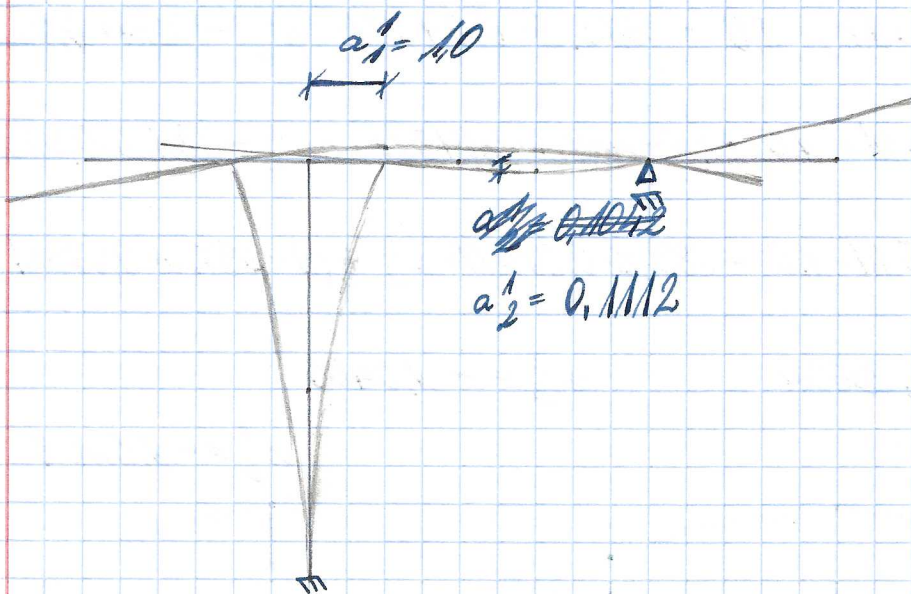
$$\frac{p}{\omega_2} = \frac{153,9}{32,62} = 4,718$$

Wniosek: Układ znajduje się poza strefą rezonansową.

I postać $\lambda_1 = 0,001392$ $a_1^1 = 1,0$

$$\begin{cases} 0 = (1 - 716,5 \cdot 0,001392) \cdot 1,0 - 16,25 \cdot 0,001392 \cdot a_2^1 \\ 0 = -48,91 \cdot 0,001392 \cdot 1,0 + (1 - 8,554 \cdot 0,001392) \cdot a_2^1 \end{cases}$$

$$a_2^1 = \cancel{0,1012} 0,1112$$



II postać

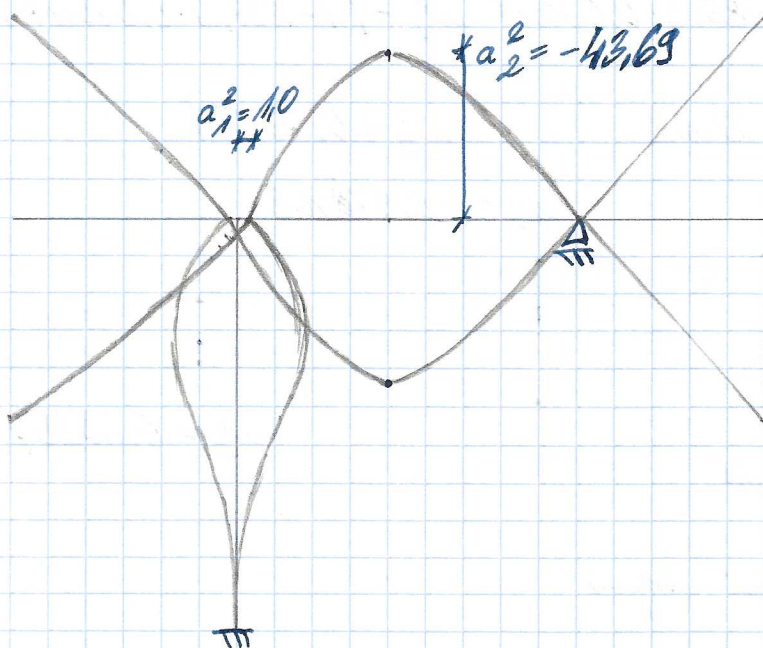
$$\lambda_2 = 0,1482$$

$$a_1^2 = 1,0$$

$$0 = (1 - 716,5 \cdot 0,1482) \cdot 1,0 - 16,25 \cdot 0,1482 \cdot a_2^2$$

$$0 = -48,91 \cdot 0,1482 \cdot 1,0 + (1 - 8,554 \cdot 0,1482) \cdot a_2^2$$

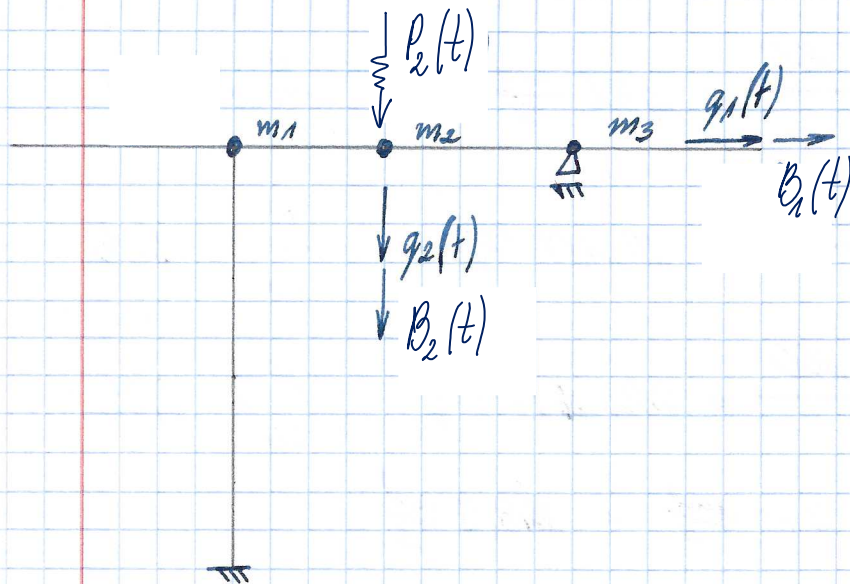
$$a_2^2 = -43,69$$



Warunek ortogonalności drgań

$$(400 + 350 + 950) \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 350 \cdot 0,1112 \cdot (-43,69) = -0,41 \cong 0$$

Drżania wymuszone



$$P_2(t) = P \cos pt$$

$$P = 3400 \text{ N}$$

$$m_1 = 400 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 350 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_3 = 950 \text{ kg}$$

$$E_y = 359 \cdot 100 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$p = 24,5 \text{ Hz} = 24,5 \cdot 2\pi = 153,9 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$B_1(t) = (m_1 + m_2 + m_3) a_1 p^2 \cos pt$$

$$B_2(t) = m_2 a_2 p^2 \cos pt$$

$$q_1(t) = \delta_{11} B_1(t) + \delta_{12} (B_2(t) + P_2(t))$$

$$q_2(t) = \delta_{21} B_1(t) + \delta_{22} (B_2(t) + P_2(t))$$

$$a_1 \cos pt = \delta_{11} (m_1 + m_2 + m_3) \cdot a_1 p^2 \cos pt + \delta_{12} (m_2 a_2 p^2 \cos pt + P \cos pt)$$

$$a_2 \cos pt = \delta_{21} (m_1 + m_2 + m_3) \cdot a_1 p^2 \cos pt + \delta_{22} (m_2 a_2 p^2 \cos pt + P \cos pt)$$

$$a_1 = \frac{2407}{E_y} \cdot (400 + 350 + 950) \cdot a_1 \cdot 153,9^2 + \frac{2,321}{E_y} \cdot (350 \cdot a_2 \cdot 153,9^2 + 3400)$$

$$a_2 = \frac{2,321}{E_y} \cdot (400 + 350 + 950) \cdot a_1 \cdot 153,9^2 + \frac{1,222}{E_y} \cdot (350 \cdot a_2 \cdot 153,9^2 + 3400)$$

$$a_1 = 2364 a_1 + 53,60 a_2 + 0,02197 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -2363 a_1 - 53,60 a_2 = 0,02197 \\ -259,3 a_1 - 28,22 a_2 = 0,01154 \end{array} \right.$$

$$a_2 = 260,3 a_1 + 28,22 a_2 + 0,01154$$

$$a_1 = 4,362 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$a_2 = -4,292 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$B_1(t) = (400 + 350 + 950) \cdot 4,362 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 153,9^2 = 17,57 \text{ N}$$

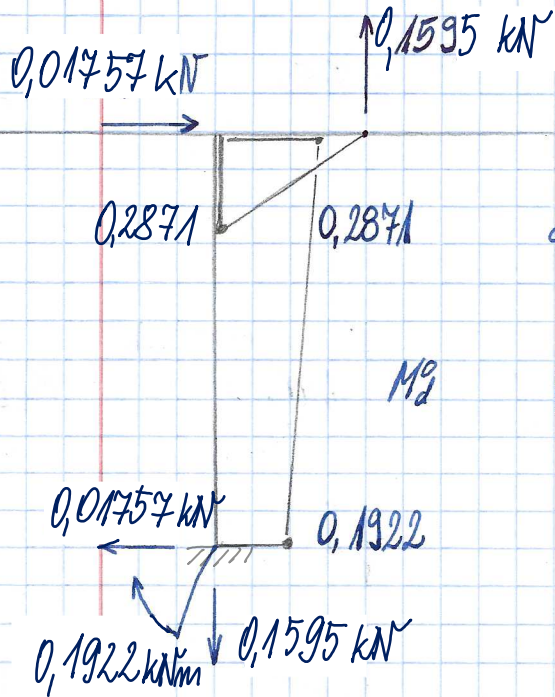
$$B_2(t) = 350 \cdot (-4,292 \cdot 10^{-4}) \cdot 153,9^2 = -3559,48 \text{ N}$$

$$B_1^1(t) = 4,133 \text{ N}$$

$$B_1^2(t) = 3,616 \text{ N}$$

$$B_1^3(t) = 9,815 \text{ N}$$

$$B_2(t) + P = -3559,48 + 3400 = -159,5 \text{ N}$$

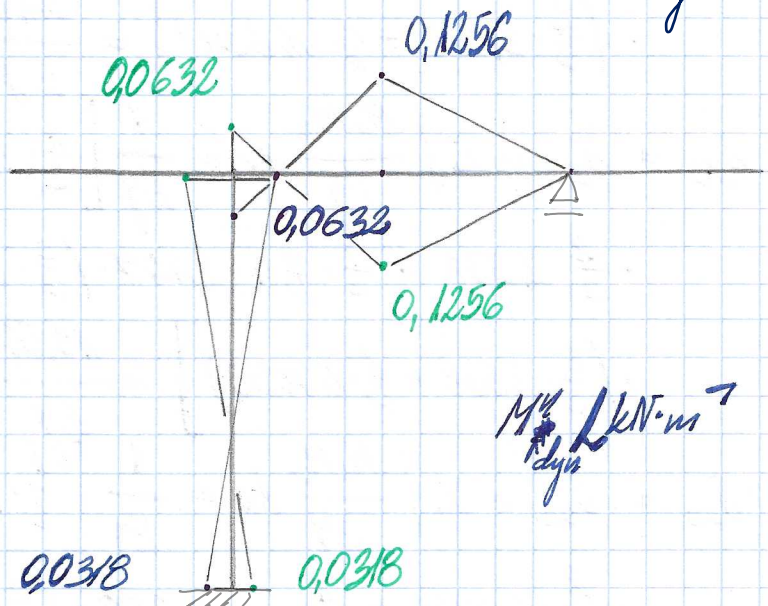
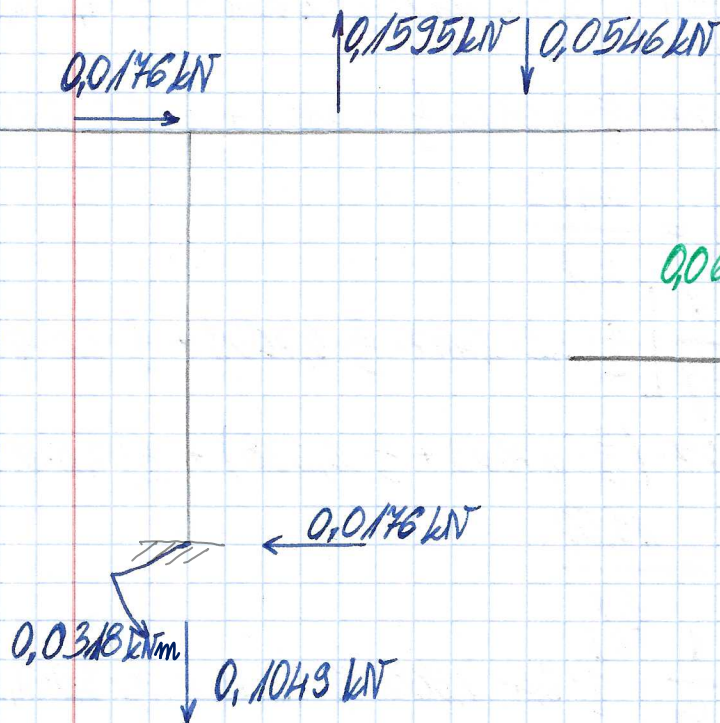
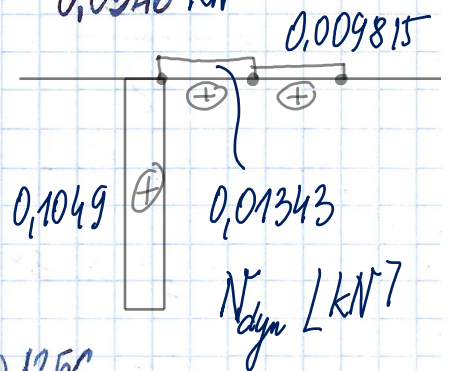


$$\delta_{1d}^0 = \sum \int \frac{M_1 M_2^0}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,8 \cdot 0,2871 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 4,1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2,3 \right) + 5,4 \cdot 4,1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 0,2871 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0,1922 \right) \right] = \frac{6,210}{EY}$$

$$\delta_{11} x_1 + \delta_{1d}^0 = 0$$

$$\frac{113,4}{EY} x_1 + \frac{6,210}{EY} = 0$$

$$x_1 = - \frac{6,210}{EY} \cdot \frac{EY}{113,4} = -0,0546 \text{ kN}$$

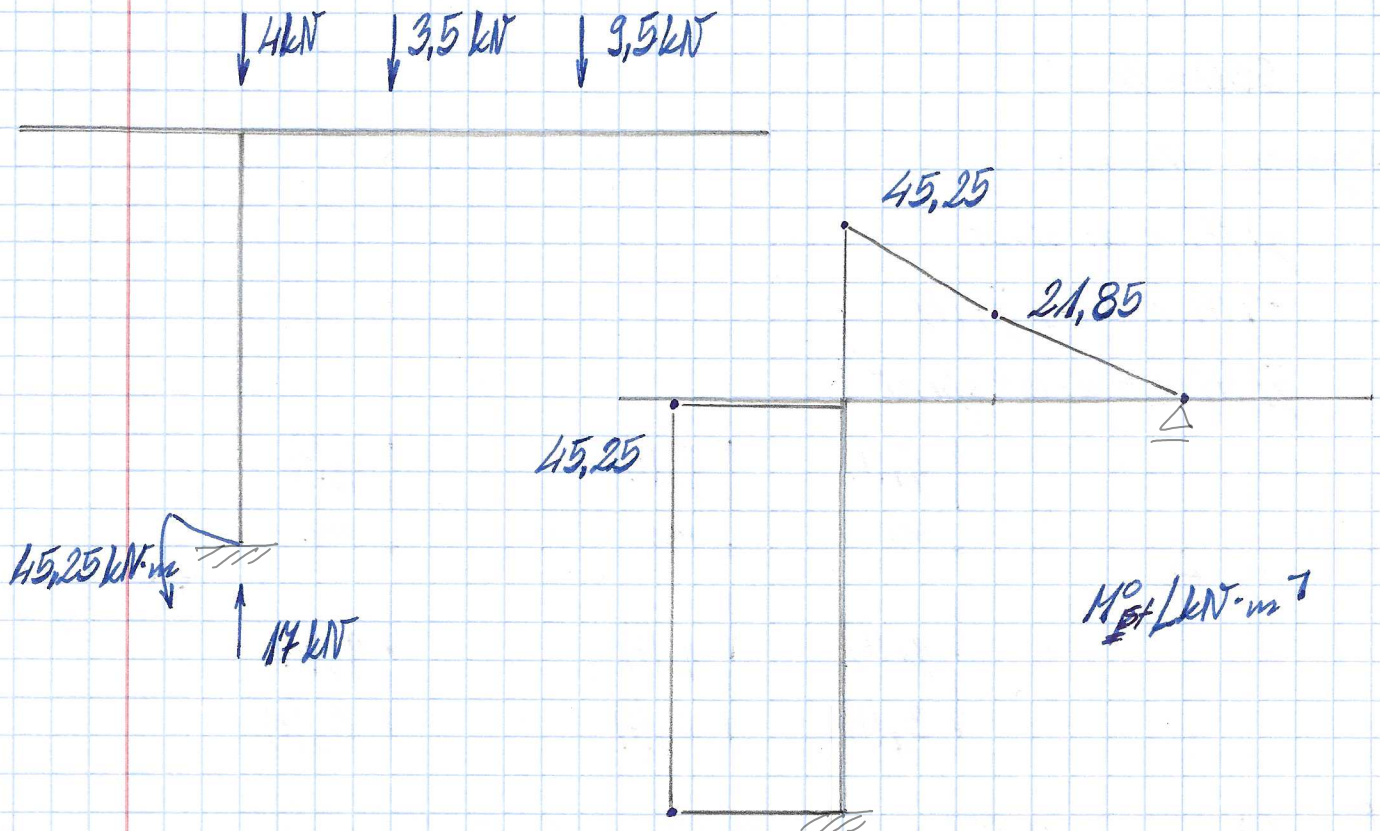


Obciążenie statyczne siłami ciężkości $g = 10 \frac{m}{s^2}$

$$F_{c1} = m_1 \cdot g = 400 \cdot 10 = 4000 \text{ N} = 4 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{c2} = m_2 \cdot g = 350 \cdot 10 = 3500 \text{ N} = 3,5 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{c3} = m_3 \cdot g = 350 \cdot 10 = 3500 \text{ N} = 3,5 \text{ kN}$$



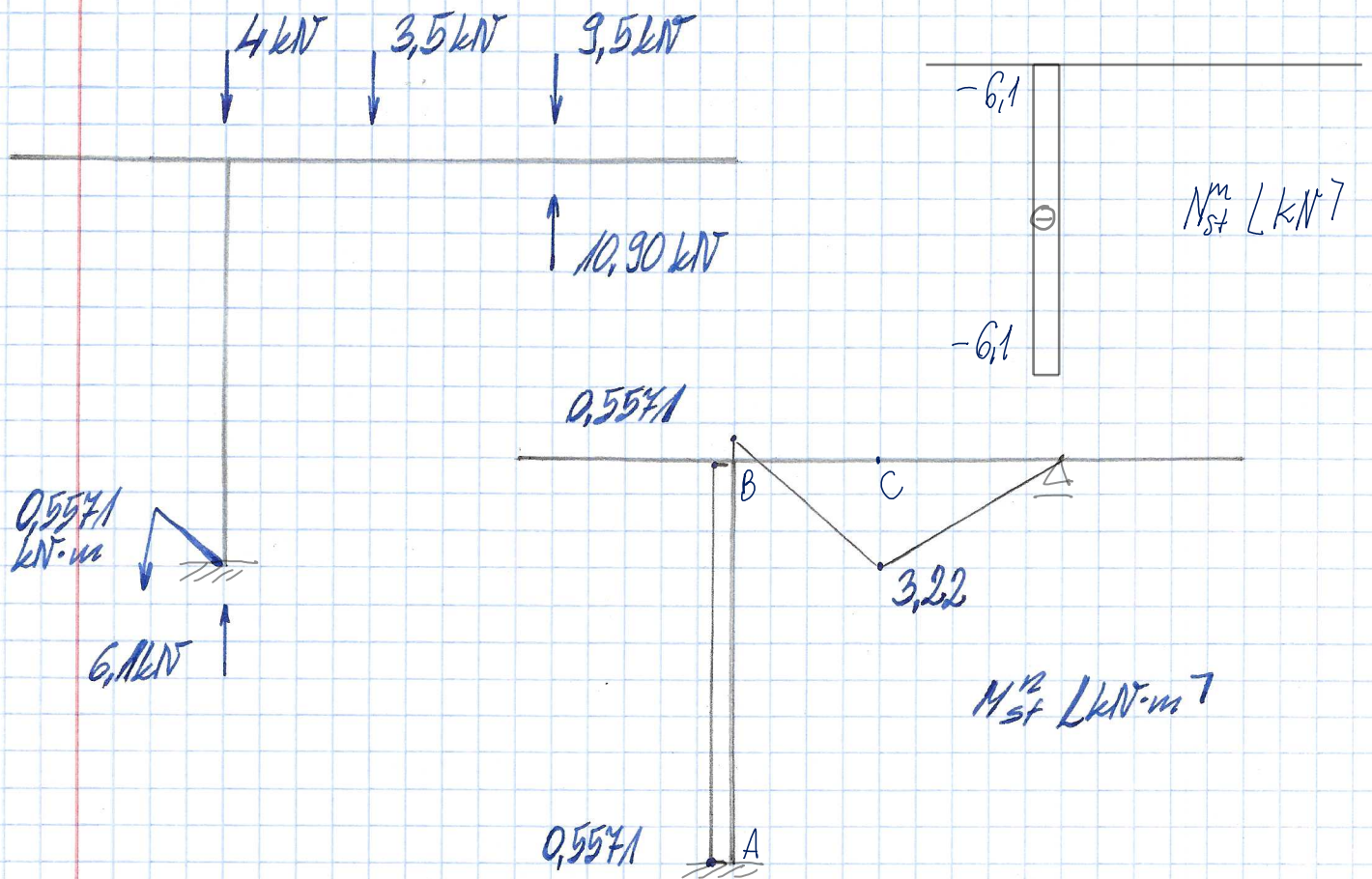
$$\delta_{1st}^0 = \int \frac{M_1 M_{1st}^0}{EY} dx = \frac{1}{EY} \left[-5,4 \cdot 4,1 \cdot 45,25 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 23 \cdot 23 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 21,85 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 18 \cdot 4,1 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 45,25 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 21,85 \right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 18 \cdot 23 \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 21,85 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 45,25 \right) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{-1240}{EY}$$

$$\delta_{11} x_1 + \delta_{1st}^0 = 0$$

$$\frac{113,4}{EY} x_1 - \frac{1240}{EY} = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{1240}{EY} \cdot \frac{EY}{113,4} = 10,930 \text{ kN}$$



$$M_A = 1,2 \cdot 0,5541 + 5,0 \cdot 0,0318 = 0,8264 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_B = 1,2 \cdot 0,5541 + 5,0 \cdot 0,0632 = 0,9848 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_C = 1,2 \cdot 3,22 + 5,0 \cdot 0,1256 = 4,494 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} = M_{\max}$$

$$N_C = 1,2 \cdot 0 + 5,0 \cdot 0,01343 = 0,06715 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma_x = \frac{|M_{\max}|}{W_y} + \frac{N}{A} = \frac{449,4}{34,2} + \frac{0,06715}{10,3} = 13,15 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{cm}^2} = 131,5 \text{ MPa}$$

Wniosek:

Napięcia dopuszczalne nie zostały przekroczone.

		Df elementów		L1	L2	L3			
	M1		-4,1000	5,4000	-4,1000	-2,3000	0,0000		
	M1p		5,4000		0,0000	0,0000	0,0000		
	M2p		1,8000		1,8000	0,0000	0,0000		
11	113,7477	45,3870	45,3870	12,9150	6,0030	4,0557	0,0000		
1p	-59,7780	-39,8520	-19,9260	0,0000	0,0000	0,0000	0,0000		
2p	-45,5220	-19,9260	-19,9260	-4,4280	-1,2420	0,0000	0,0000		
Vb=	x1p	0,5255	Va=	-0,5255	Ha=	-1,0000	Ma=	-3,245320197	
Vb=	x2p	0,4002	Va=	0,5998	Ha=	0,0000	Ma=	-0,159173375	
	Df elementów		L1	L2	L3				
	M1n	3,2453	5,4000	-2,1547	1,8000	-1,2087	0,0000		
	M2n	0,1592		0,1592		-0,9205	0,0000		
11	21,0728	12,6644	2,0634	3,5669	1,6579	1,1201	0,0000		
12	2,3207	1,3947	-0,9260	0,3892	0,6098	0,8530	0,0000		
22	1,2220	0,0684	0,0684	-0,0288	0,4644	0,6496	0,0000		
Drgania własne									
m1	400,0000	P1dyn	m1a1w^2cospt						
m2	350,0000	P2dyn	m2a2w^2cospt						
m3	950,0000	P3dyn	m3a3w^2cospt						
m0	50,0000	P4dyn	0,0000						
				$\alpha = m \cdot w^2 / EI$					
I	[cm^4]	[Gpa]	[N*m^2]	[Hz]	[rad/s]				
	171,0000	210,0000	359100,0000	p	24,5000	153,9380	delta	=	b^2-4*a*c
a1	=	716,4741	aa1	16,2452	aa2				506278,0379
a2	=	78,9054	aa1	8,5542	aa2				711,5321763
det	=	1,0000	x^0	-725,0283	x^1	4846,9931	x^2		
a1	=	0,001392214	0,0000					x1	=
a2	=	0,148190892	0,0000					x2	=
w1	=	3,1621	p/w1	48,6822	NIE			Dane - analiza symulacji - szukaj wyniku	
w2	=	32,6237	p/w2	4,7186	NIE			Rezonans	
						TAK		1,25 < p/w < 0,75	
						NIE		p/w > 1,25 lub p/w < 0,75	
Postacie drgań własnych									
I postać	0,0013922	a1	=	1,0000					
0,0000	=	0,002514	a1	-0,022617	a2				
0,0000	=	-0,109853	a1	0,988091	a2				
a2	=	0,111177	0,111177						
II postać	0,1482	a1	=	1,0000					
0,0000	=	-105,1749	a1	-2,4074	a2				
0,0000	=	-11,6931	a1	-0,2676	a2				
a2	=	-43,6883	-43,6883						
Warunek ortogonalności drgań									
I i II postać	0,0000								
Drgania wymuszone									
m1	400,0000	P1dyn	m1a1w^2cospt						
m2	350,0000	P2dyn	m2a2w^2cospt						
m3	950,0000	P3dyn	m3a3w^2cospt						
P(t)	3400,0000	P4dyn	P(t)						
I	[cm^4]	[Gpa]	[N*m^2]	[Hz]	[rad/s]				
	171,0000	210,0000	359100,0000	p	24,5000	153,9380	M2		
a1	=	2363,9975	aa1	53,6010	aa2		0,0219731		
a2	=	260,3475	aa1	28,2243	aa2		0,0115702		
0,0000	=	2362,9975	aa1	53,6010	aa2		0,0219731		
0,0000	=	260,3475	aa1	27,2243	aa2		0,0115702		
a1	=	0,0000043618					Fc		
a2	=	-0,00042916777					g	=	10,0000 m/s^2
P1dyn	m1a1w^2cospt	P(t)	17,5714	0,0176			4,0000		
P2dyn	m2a2w^2cospt		-159,4841	-0,1595			3,5000		
P4dyn	0,0000						9,5000		
Vb=	x1d	-0,0546	Va=	-0,1049	Ha=	-0,0176	Ma=	0,192185518	
Vb=	x1s	10,9007	Va=	6,0993	Ha=	0,0000	Ma=	-45,25	
	Df elementów		L1	L2	L3				
	M1	-4,1000	5,4000	-4,1000	1,8000	-2,3000	0,0000		
	Mod	-0,1922		-0,2871		0,0000	0,0000		
	Mos	45,2500		45,2500		21,8500	0,0000		
11	113,7477	45,3870	45,3870	12,9150	6,0030	4,0557	0,0000		
1d	6,2096	2,4776	2,8278	0,7062	0,1981	0,0000	0,0000		
1s	-1239,9298	-500,9175	-500,9175	-138,1905	-61,3755	-38,5288	0,0000		
Vb=	x1d	-0,0546	Va=	-0,1049	Ha=	-0,0176	Ma=	-0,031639336	
Vb=	x1s	10,9007	Va=	6,0993	Ha=	0,0000	Ma=	-0,557106812	
	Df elementów		L1	L2	L3				
	Mnd	0,0316	5,4000	-0,0632	1,8000	0,1256	0,0000		
	Mns	0,5571		0,5571		-3,2216	0,0000		
wsp dyn	5	0,8267	0,9848	4,4937			0,0000		
wsp stat	1,2								
Napężenia maksymalne				Mmax	4,494	kN*m	Wy	34,2	cm3
				omax	13,140	kN/cm2			
					131,396	Mpa			